

POLICE UNCOVER BOMBS;
"PLANTED," SAY STRIKERS

Arrests Follow Discovery of
Three Lots of Dynamite with
Fuses and Caps at Lawrence.

CITY IN FEAR OF OUTRAGES

"Bad Men" from New York
Shadowed and More Soldiers
Pressed Into Service—Mill
Owners Conciliatory.

Lawrence, Mass., Jan. 20.—The discovery to-day and to-night of three lots of dynamite with fuses and caps and the resulting arrest of a number of persons were regarded by the military and police authorities as lending weight to fears of attempted destruction of mill property in connection with the textile strike. Police Inspector William Rooney, of Boston, who is in charge of the squad which is investigating the dynamite situation, said to-night that two "bad men" were known to be in Lawrence and were being constantly shadowed. These men, he said, arrived from New York yesterday.

On a visit this evening to the cobbler shop of Urbano Da Prato Inspector Rooney found a bundle containing six sticks of dynamite and seven caps. The bundle was in the window, along with similar parcels containing old shoes. The police are positive that it was not there when they searched the shop earlier in the day. Da Prato retorted that he knew nothing of the presence of the explosives. The bundle, he declared, had been left by a strange man, who said he would return later. Da Prato was taken to the police station.

Dynamite in Cemetery.

A closet in a house on Oak street, in the Syrian colony, was the place in which the first lot of dynamite was found by Inspector Rooney's squad. The second lot was located in St. Mary's cemetery, lying on top of the snow and against a tree trunk. Apparently no attempt was made to hide it. The same squad of police officials made the find. In this lot were fifteen sticks of dynamite, with eighteen percussion caps, while the first bundle contained seven sticks and about the same number of caps.

Following the uncovering of the dynamite in the Oak street house, all the inmates of the building were taken into custody. They are Parris Marad, who has appeared at the head of parades and has figured as spokesman for the Syrian strikers, while also acting as a special police officer and as an interpreter in the local court; Joseph Assaf, of Pawtucket, R. I.; Trinidad Davidson, colored; Marc Roched and David Bisbora, recently from Fitchburg, N. Y.; Mary Boehell and Mary Sulzy. All are Syrians, except Bisbora, who is a Porto Rican. The police are holding them as inmates of a house in which dynamite was unlawfully kept.

The dynamite uncovered to-day is declared by the authorities to be part of a large quantity which has been brought into the city recently from Pennsylvania. Through Joseph J. Eitor, of New York, national organizer of the Industrial Workers of the World, the strikers made a statement this evening, in which they assert that the dynamite was "planted." The statement follows:

The situation is satisfactory and the houses are being searched. They are desperate and that accounts for the dynamite. If any bombs or dynamite sticks are found, they will be found by those who planted them. The houses are being searched to clear the issue. The strike committee is confident of its position and urges all strikers at this critical time to be cool and collected and the result of their efforts will be satisfactory.

Mill Owners Ready to Parley.

Practically all the mill owners, including President William H. Wood of the American Woolen Company, are willing to meet a committee of their employees to discuss the operation of the 54-hour law, either alone or with the members of the State Board of Conciliation and Arbitration, according to a statement issued to-day by Justin E. Varney, chairman of a citizens' committee. The statement says that Mr. Varney "talked to-day with the president of the American Woolen Company and the treasurer of the Pacific mill, the Atlantic mill, the Pemberton Company, the Lawrence Duck Company, the Everett mill and the United States Worsted Company, and was informed that each corporation was entirely willing to meet a committee of its own employees to consider the conditions resulting from the 54-hour law, or, if the operatives so desire, to meet such committee with the State Board of Conciliation."

FLYER HELD FOR SPEEDING

Los Angeles Aviation Meet
Opens with Odd Incident.

Los Angeles, Jan. 20.—The third international aviation meet opened here to-day with forty-nine aviators entered in the sixteen events of the day, and most of them appeared in the air.

Glenn Martin, W. B. Cooke and Lincoln Beachey started the large crowd with some perilous dips and turns, and Miss Blanche Scott, of Rochester, remained in the air for twelve minutes, making several laps of the field.

The first aviator ever arrested for speeding his aeroplane was Farnum T. Fish, while on the way from this city to the aviation field to-day. Fish was to fly early and was rushing his machine along in tow of a powerful automobile when he was halted by a motorcycle policeman, who charged that Fish was making forty miles an hour and ordered him into court on Monday.

GEESE SILENCE SUPFRAGETTE

They Cackle So Loudly that Mere
Woman Gives Up.

Beloit, Wis., Jan. 20.—The cackling of geese at the Beloit Poultry and Pet Stock Show to-day prevented Miss Caroline McGill, instructor in political economy at the University of Wisconsin, from giving a talk on woman suffrage. After trying for fifteen minutes to make herself heard Miss McGill yielded to the geese.

The lecture was given after the geese had been removed.

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The Tribune Almanac

For 1912

More than 800 pages of valuable
information in this complete and
greatly enlarged reference book.

Price 25 cents at all newsstands,
35 cents by mail.

FEWER SUICIDES IN 1910

Census Figures Show Considerable
Falling Off from 1909.

SHOOTING FAVORITE METHOD

California Leads States, While
Maryland Has Lowest Rate—
"Frisco" Leads Cities.

Washington, Jan. 20.—Fewer persons committed suicide in 1910 than in 1909, according to the latest figures on the subject announced to-day by Dr. Cressy L. Wilbur, in charge of vital statistics for the Census Bureau. The death rate from suicide for 1910 was 16 to 100,000 of population in the Census Bureau's death registration area, which comprises about one-half of the country's population and covers twenty-two states and a number of the larger cities in other states. The rate was 16.5 in 1909. There were 8,590 suicides in 1910.

Suicide by firearms was the favorite method of self-destruction, and showed an increase over 1909. Poison was a close second. Methods employed were as follows: Firearms, 2,561; poison, 2,456; hanging or strangulation, 1,205; asphyxia, 941; drowning, 517; cutting or piercing instruments, 144; jumping from high places, 137; crushing, 88; and other means, 81.

California led the states with 29 suicides to 100,000 of population, while Maryland, with 10.3, had the lowest rate. The rate increased in Michigan, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island and Wisconsin, while there was a decrease in the other thirteen states.

In the registration cities of more than 100,000 population, San Francisco, with 44.2 suicides to 100,000, led. Next came Kansas City, Mo., with 34; Oakland, Cal., with 32.4; Seattle, with 32.3; Bridgeport, Conn., with 32.1; and Denver, with 31.6.

The suicide rates to 100,000 of population by states were: California, 29; Colorado, 20.8; Connecticut, 17.9; Indiana, 14.1; Maine, 11.4; Maryland, 10.3; Massachusetts, 12.6; Michigan, 13.7; Minnesota, 11.6; Montana, 21.4; New Hampshire, 12.5; New Jersey, 17.1; New York, 16.7; North Carolina, 7.2 (1909); Ohio, 14.2; Pennsylvania, 12.7; Rhode Island, 10.3; South Dakota, 9.2 (1909); Utah, 14.7; Vermont, 13.2; Washington, 19.9; and Wisconsin, 14.2.

The rates in Eastern cities were: Bridgeport, Conn., 32.1; New Haven, 31.9; Cambridge, Mass., 36; Fall River, 15.9; Lowell, 15.9; Worcester, 7.5; Jersey City, 22.7; Newark, 21.1; Paterson, 21.4; Albany, 16.9; Buffalo, 13.2; Boroughs of New York City—Brooklyn, 14.9; The Bronx, 15.3; Manhattan, 18.8; Queens, 14.2; Richmond, 18.5; Rochester, 16.4; Syracuse, 21.7; Scranton, Penn., 10.7; and Providence, 16.9.

ARREST NEAR; ENDS LIFE

Servant Girl, Accused of Theft,
Jumps from Window.

Knowing that she was about to be arrested for theft, Fanny Lindzer, an Austrian servant girl, twenty-one years old, employed by Harold Hochdorfer, at No. 76 West 113th street, committed suicide yesterday morning by jumping out of the fourth story window of her employer's home.

Although many pieces of jewelry had been missed since the girl entered the house, Mr. Hochdorfer was loath to suspect her because of her high recommendations. On Friday evening, after discovering that a pair of diamond studs were missing, Hochdorfer charged the girl with the theft. She broke down and confessed, according to Mr. Hochdorfer, and a few minutes later a gold watch belonging to one of the nurses attending Mrs. Hochdorfer was found in the girl's muff. Mr. Hochdorfer told the girl he intended to inform the police and that she would have to return the other stolen articles.

Mr. Hochdorfer detected the smell of gas yesterday morning, and, going to the girl's room, found her lying fully dressed on the bed. Both gas jets were turned on. After reviving the girl, which was easily done, Hochdorfer informed the police. They soon arrived, and just as Detective Kahn entered the apartment he heard a scream and saw the girl jump from a window. She was taken to the Harlem Hospital, where she died in a few hours.

CHLOROFORM STOPS LAUGHTER

Woman Made Ill by Daughter's Joke
May Recover Now.

Ames, Iowa, Jan. 20.—Chloroform and three doctors were necessary to stop Mrs. A. Fox, of this city, from laughing over her daughter's story concerning an incident at a circus to-day. She is slowly recovering from the illness, which resulted from the laughing spell.

Mrs. Fox and her daughter were working about the house yesterday afternoon, when the daughter told of something she once saw at a circus. The mother had been laughing two hours when medical aid was summoned and chloroform administered.

CHURCH CUTS PRICE OF COAL

Dealers Supplying Chicago's Poor
Forced to Reduce Charge.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—Coal dealers in the West side tenement district have cut their prices for fuel delivered in baskets in half as a result of the establishment of a small coal yard by the Episcopal Cathedral, at which coal was sold for 10 cents a basket, which was purchased as fast as Dean Walter T. Sumner could supply it, and to-day dealers announced that they would meet the church price. They previously had sold it at from 25 to 30 cents a basket.

BURNS OBTAINS NEW
ANTI-LORIMER EVIDENCE

Said to Have Told Senate Investigating
Committee of
Perjury and Bribery.

WITNESS RECEIVED \$1,500

Detective at Work for Two
Months in the Interest of Those
Fighting to Unseat the
Illinois Senator.

Washington, Jan. 20.—Developments, more or less sensational, about to take place in the Lorimer case will disclose that William J. Burns, the detective who gathered the evidence against the McNamara dynamiters, has been at work for at least three months procuring testimony to be presented next week to the committee investigating the election of the Illinois Senator.

Burns was employed for about a month by the Senate committee, and later was engaged by the interests fighting to unseat Senator Lorimer. The committee discontinued his services, members said to-day, because of the almost prohibitive expense. It is reported that the end sought by the anti-Lorimer interests is the impeachment of a certain witness, who gave testimony in Senator Lorimer's defense relating to the alleged statement of C. F. Wiehe, a brother-in-law of Edward Hines, that a "jackpot" fund of \$100,000 was used "to put Lorimer over."

Burns is said to have reported to the committee that he was prepared to offer evidence that one of the witnesses who testified in regard to this incident had confessed that he received \$1,500 to come to Washington. A photographic method by which Burns obtained the alleged confession is also said to have been laid before the committee. Burns came to Washington last Tuesday and remained until Wednesday night. His report was communicated to some of the members of the committee, and it is said, was laid before the committee later in executive session.

It is not asserted that the evidence Burns promises to produce is intended to establish whether or not there was a \$100,000 "jackpot" fund or that Senator Lorimer knew of it. It affects solely the veracity of a witness called by the defense.

This new evidence will be presented to the committee after the cross-examination of Senator Lorimer is finished next week. He will resume the witness chair on Monday afternoon, and probably will finish his testimony by Wednesday.

Evidence in rebuttal will follow Senator Lorimer's testimony. The committee's process servers have finally produced a former member of the Illinois Legislature, whom they had not been able to find until recently. It is the purpose of the committee to continue its investigation into investments of money which certain members of the Illinois Legislature are alleged to have made soon after May 26, 1909.

These developments have widened the scope of the inquiry considerably, and it will not be closed so soon as was expected. The investigating committee had intended to close the taking of testimony next week.

FIRE ON 31ST FLOOR

Blaze at City Investment Building
Soon Out.

Fire that is supposed to have had its origin from defective insulation was discovered early to-day in a light shaft opposite the thirty-first floor of the City Investment Building, at No. 165 Broadway. The flames had spread along electric light wires to the thirty-second floor when the firemen arrived. Patrolman Johnson ascended to the twenty-third floor of the building and determined the extent of the blaze.

The firemen, armed with fire extinguishers and lines of hose that were attached to standpipes on the thirty-second floor, attacked the flames. The fire was extinguished after half an hour's work. The damage was not estimated. The fire was confined to the shaft and the adjacent offices were not threatened.

PREFERRED GRAVE TO WINTER

Aged Jersey Farmer Kills Himself Because
of Cold Weather.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]
Burlington, N. J., Jan. 20.—Cold weather, according to Coroner Leconey, drove Andrew Hackney, an aged and wealthy farmer, to shoot himself last night at his home near Bridgeton. His family thought he was visiting neighbors, and a grandson who was called in to feed the stock stumbled over the body in the barn. A bullet through the neck had severed the jugular vein.

Hackney told friends a few days ago that he preferred death to living through another winter with the rheumatic tortures the cold weather brought him.

STEEL PENSIONS \$281,457.

Wire Company Leads with Payments
of \$86,536 in 1911.

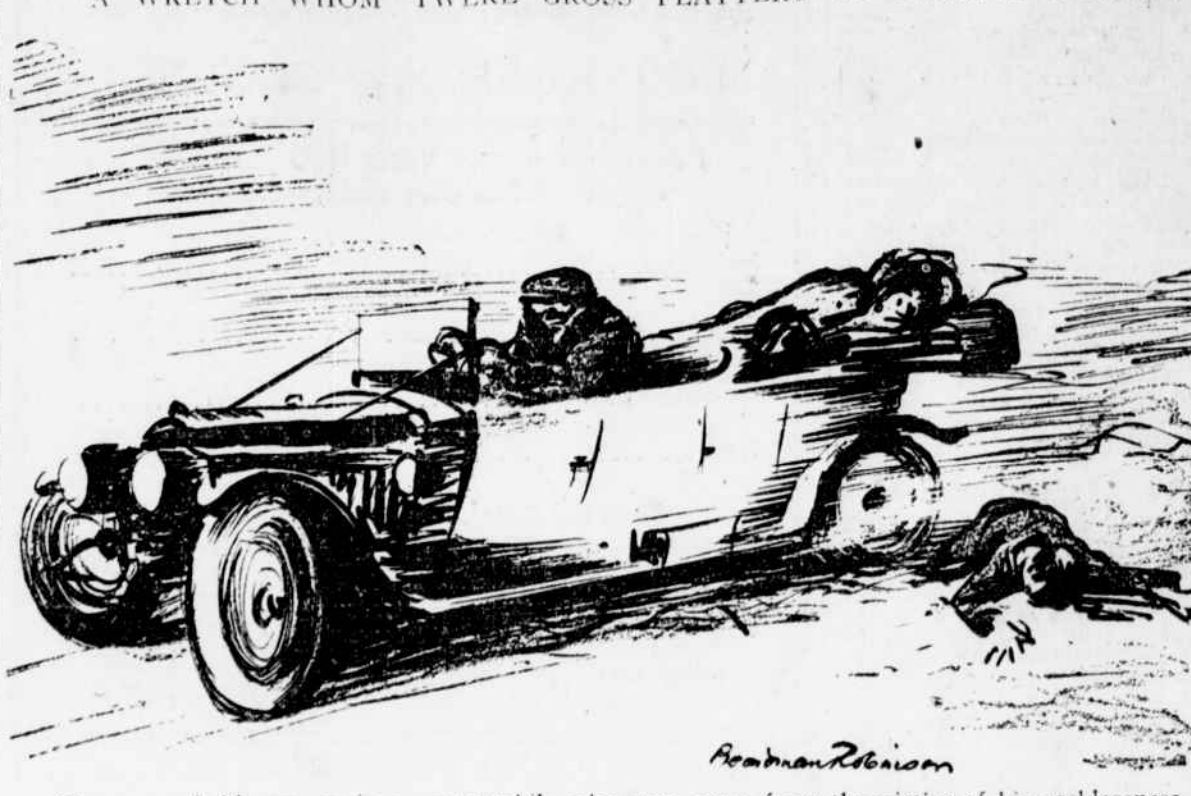
Chicago, Jan. 20.—Pensions totalling \$281,457 were paid last year by the subsidiaries of the United States Steel Corporation, according to an announcement made here to-day. Among other subsidiary companies the following paid the amounts indicated:

American Steel and Wire Company, \$86,536; Illinois companies, \$16,138; Carnegie Steel Company, \$9,565; Marquette Range, \$4,605; Menominee Range, \$308; Missabe Range, \$596; Vermilion Range, \$592; Bessemer & Lake Erie Railroad, \$2,139; American Bridge Company, \$19,107; Duluth & Iron Range Railroad, \$171; and Elgin, Joliet & Eastern Railroad, \$169.

DR. BAKER TO RESUME DUTIES.

Dr. S. Josephine Baker, head of the child hygiene branch of the Department of Health and in charge of the infant milk station work of the department, will resume her duties next week, following a protracted illness. Dr. Baker broke down from overwork because of her efforts to further the work of reducing infant mortality in this city. Beginning with February 1 she will have fifty-five milk stations under her control.

"A WRETCH WHOM TWERE GROSS FLATTERY TO NAME A COWARD."



The unspeakable craven in an automobile who runs away from the victim of his recklessness.

PROVES HE'S STILL ALIVE

"Grand Old Man," 109, Shakes
Fist Under Editor's Nose.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]
Scranton, Penn., Jan. 20.—Micajah Wise, 109 years old, known for many years as "Wayne County's grand old man," appeared here to-day and demanded that the local newspapers immediately print a retraction of the statement they made yesterday that he had passed away. He got the retraction, and assured several of the editors that he was good for many more years, and had several fights in him yet if they attempted to put him in the grave before he was ready to go.

"You see, I am far from dead," said Wise to one editor. "I came here to prove it to you," he continued, as he shook his fist under the editor's nose.

GIRL HURT ICE RACING

Companion of Francis Herreshoff
Thrown from Iceboat.

Bristol, R. I., Jan. 20.—During an iceboat race on Bristol Harbor to-day, a boat in charge of Francis Herreshoff, son of the yacht designer, struck a buoy protruding from the ice, and Herreshoff and a companion, Miss Christine Howe, of Philadelphia, were thrown out.

Miss Howe had both forearms broken and was badly cut and bruised. When Herreshoff, who was uninjured, reached her side, she was in a semi-conscious condition. She was removed to the Herreshoff home, where she was a guest, and placed under the care of physicians. The boat, the Cyrus B. Powers, was almost demolished. Miss Howe is the daughter of Frank D. Howe, of Philadelphia.

TEN HURT ON BRIDGE CAR

Woman Badly Injured in Crash
on Queensboro Structure.

One woman was badly hurt and nine other persons were slightly injured when a Dutch Kills car crashed into the rear of a Flushing car at the Manhattan loop of the Queensboro Bridge last night. The Dutch Kills car was of wood construction and was badly wrecked.

According to the police, the Flushing car stopped short and the other car, with about thirty passengers aboard, could not be stopped in time to avoid the accident.

Joseph Solinsky, a painter, of No. 155 Jamaica avenue, Astoria, and his brother, Stephen, of the same address, were in the front of the Dutch Kills car. Stephen was thrown on his face on the city and Joseph was cut by flying glass. John J. Pollard, a watchman, of No. 232 Third avenue, Astoria, was thrown from his seat and his scalp was badly cut.

Mrs. Lena Rehm, of No. 29 Main street, Astoria, was thrown to the floor. Her kneecap was broken and she was cut and bruised.

William F. Burns, of No. 529 Third avenue, Long Island City; Mrs. M. J. Lyons and Joseph Morrison, both of No. 133 Second avenue, Long Island City, were among the others who were hurt.

Dr. Barrett was summoned from College of Fine Arts. Her name headed a list of students who complained of the meats served at Haven Hall, a women's dormitory owned by the university and managed by Mrs. Georgina E. Phinney.

EXPELS COMPLAINING STUDENT

Chancellor Day Dismisses Girl Who
Protested Against Food.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]
Syracuse, Jan. 20.—Chancellor James R. Day to-day dismissed from Syracuse University Miss Elizabeth Ewart, who was about to complete her third year in the College of Fine Arts. Her name headed a list of students who complained of the meats served at Haven Hall, a women's dormitory owned by the university and managed by Mrs. Georgina E. Phinney.

Thirty-five out of seventy of the young women boarders signed the complaint, charging that they were crowded and overcharged, that the butter was not good, portions were scant and dessert was lacking. Thirty-four of the signers wished to withdraw their names, fearing action by the chancellor, but it was too late. Mrs. Phinney, her waitresses and kitchen help would only admit to the Chancellor that the young women were sometimes crowded at the table.

GONG'S CLANG BETRAYS THIEF

Burglar Alarm Goes Off in Suitcase
He Had Stolen.

San Francisco, Jan. 20.—Betrayed by a burglar alarm he had stolen, Joseph Sullivan was captured by detectives attracted by the clanging of the gong, and was sentenced to-day to three months in jail. Sullivan purloined a suitcase belonging to T. L. McGovern, inventor of a burglar alarm. In his haste to get away, Sullivan did not stop to examine the contents of the grip, and was about to make his escape when the delicately balanced alarm went off. The clanging could be heard for a block.

4 TRAINS TO FLORIDA.

Atlantic Coast Line—See Level Route,
12:16 A. M., 1:25, 2:35, 3:30 P. M. All
steel, electric lighted Pullmans. 1215 E. way.
—Adv.

DEWEY'S CLARET PUNCH.

Ready to serve for weddings and receptions.
H. J. DEWEY & SONS CO., 135 Fulton St., N. Y.
—Adv.

MAN FOUND MURDERED
IN NEW JERSEY WOODS

Wounded Three Times with a
Revolver and Stabbed in
the Back.

STILETTO IN LIFELESS HAND

South Orange Police Unable to
Throw Light on His Identity
—Addresses of Women
a Clue.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]
South Orange, N. J., Jan. 20.—Lying in a snowbank, deep in Brown's Woods, near this place, the body of a well dressed man about thirty-five years old was found to-day by George Frieze and Raymond Strauss, two boys, who had been tramping through the woods. The man had received four wounds, three by bullets and one by a stiletto, and an autopsy performed to-night showed that any one of these wounds would have been sufficient to cause death.

The snow all about the body was much trampled and stained with blood, as though a struggle had taken place there. In the dead man's left hand was found a long-bladed stiletto, and ten feet from the body was another weapon of the same kind. A careful examination of the knife found in the man's hand showed that the blade bore no traces of blood, and had evidently been placed there by the slayer. This was evidently done with the object of creating the impression that the man had been killed in a duel.

The boys were frightened by their discovery and ran to the home of Mrs. Thomas O'Neill, a mile away, and told her. She telephoned for the police, bringing Jacob Deuffy, acting chief, and Dr. Simmons, Deputy County Physician. These officials started an investigation at once.

TWO BULLETS IN BRAIN.

The autopsy disclosed that the man had been shot once under the left shoulder, from behind, the bullet ploughing its way upward, passing through the throat and emerging from the right cheek. A second bullet had penetrated the left temple, lodging in the brain, and a third had entered the right cheek, also finding a resting place in the brain. The stiletto had been driven into the man's body from the rear, cutting through the flesh under the right arm and piercing the liver.

From the nature of the wounds it is probable that the man was attacked from behind, and probably by more than one man. Tracks in the snow would seem to indicate that the man had been followed for some distance by his assailants, who waited until they reached the loneliest spot in the woods before attacking their victim.

The man's clothing was of good quality. In one of the coat pockets was found a letter addressed to Miss Mary Ediet, No. 16 Bank street, New York City. In another pocket two photographs of young women were found. A return trip ticket on the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad, between New York and Newark, and a ticket issued by a Newark pawnshop, showing that "Frank" had received \$10 on a revolver pledged on December 4, last, were also found in the dead man's clothing.

Baffled in Search for Clue.

The police and county authorities seem to be baffled in their search for a clue, and are apparently undecided as to whether the man came to his death as the result of a duel over the women whose photographs were found in his pockets or whether he was attacked suddenly and without warning.

The local authorities communicated with the New York police in an endeavor to find some of the persons whose names and addresses were found written on bits of paper in the slain man's clothes. It is believed that these persons might be able to shed some light on the mystery, or at least tell who the man is, something which is not yet known here.

The physicians agree that the man was not dead more than twelve hours when the body was found, which would seem to show that he had been killed somewhere between midnight and the early hours of this morning.

The man was apparently an American, with dark hair and slightly bald on top. No money was found on the body.

BILLIARD TOUCH WORTH \$6,000.

St. Louis, Jan. 20.—For the loss of his billiard touch, Charles Peterson, a local professional, received a verdict of \$6,000 from a jury here to-day. He was thrown out of an automobile when a streetcar ran into the machine, and sued the car company for \$25,000.

AIKEN, AUGUSTA, FLORIDA.

via Southern Railway, L. V. N. Y. 12:38 P. M. Daily. Superior service. N. Y. Office, 261 Fifth Ave., cor. 24th St. Telephone 2214 Madison Sq.—Adv.

DEWEY'S CLARET PUNCH.

Ready to serve for weddings and receptions.
H. J. DEWEY & SONS CO., 135 Fulton St., N. Y.
—Adv.

AMERICAN NAVY SECOND

Ahead of Germany in Battleship
and Cruiser Tonnage.

Washington, Jan. 20.—The Naval Year Book, issued to-day, gave the United States second place among the naval powers, this government having 37 battleships, one more than Germany. In armored cruisers Germany has 14 and the United States 12. The combined tonnage of battleships and cruisers shows that the United States has 787,638 tons and Germany 708,241.

BOARDED WRONG STEAMSHIP

But Wireless Message Relieves
Passenger's Embarrassment.

Two steamships ready to sail lay at the Royal Mail pier in the North River yesterday when Albert Heldmann arrived. He was going to Lima, Peru, for William R. Grace & Co., and had booked passage on the steamship Trent, which was to carry him as far as Colon. He arrived at the pier shortly before 10 a. m., the sailing hour of the Tagus, and, seeing a crowd going aboard, he followed and sat down in the smoking room.

The Tagus sailed on time, and when off the Statue of Liberty Mr. Heldmann realized that he was on a ship bound for Bermuda. He became excited and demanded that he be sent back to the pier, but this could not be done. The skipper of the Tagus said he would put him off at Sandy Hook when he dropped his pilot, and would send a wireless message to the Trent to pick him up. At 2:30 p. m., when the Trent passed by the Scotland Lightship, Heldmann was taken out from the steam pilot boat in a yawl and put aboard.

GERMAN SOCIALISTS LOSING

Carry Only Eight Seats on Re-
ballot, Beaten for Five.

Berlin, Jan. 20.—Seventy-eight rebalots in the Reichstag elections were held to-day. The returns indicate that the Socialists are not gaining as expected. The Socialists participated in forty-six rebalots, of which they carried only eight.

They were ousted from five constituencies to-day, losing, among others, Bielefeld to Count von Posadowsky-Wehner, the former imperial Secretary of State for the Interior, who was the candidate of all the other parties.

The Radicals put up a stout defence and elected seventeen members, winning eight districts, chiefly from the Conservatives, and losing only one.

The various Conservative groups elected 21 in the rebalots, the Clericals 7, the National Liberals 21, Socialists 8, Radicals 17, and Irregulars, 4.

The Conservatives had a net loss of 3, and the Clericals a net loss of 3; the National Liberals a net gain of 5; Radicals 7 and Socialists 3. The result of to-day's voting makes it improbable that the Opposition parties will have a majority. The government now has a total of 160 seats, including the Poles. The National Liberals, Radicals and Socialists number 114; minors and irregulars, 11.

It is hardly possible that the Opposition will overcome the government's majority in the remaining 112 contests. The next three ballots will be held on Monday.

Among the more widely known candidates returned to-day are Herr Basserman, Dr. Mueller (Meiningen), Dr. Otto Arendt, Lieutenant General von Liebert and Count von Posadowsky-Wehner. The Radical candidate defeated Frederick von Moltke, ex-Prussian Minister of the Interior, in East Prussia.

The Radicals captured the Karlsruhe district, which is an old Socialist stronghold, and also Freiburg, electing Professor Gerhart von Schulze-Gaevernitz over the Clerical candidate.

The chief cause of the failure of the Socialists to make a better showing was the refusal of the Liberal voters to support them. Many of the Liberals cast their votes for the Conservative candidates in the North German districts.

A NEBRASKAN "IS WILLIN"

Asks That His Name Be Put on Demo-
cratic Presidential Ballot.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 20.—Lexington, Neb., presented a candidate for Presidential honors to-day when the Secretary of State received a petition requesting that the name of Robert G. Ross, of that town, be placed on the Democratic Presidential primary ballot. Ross's petition was signed by himself and twenty-five other residents of Lexington. It was accompanied by the following letter:

Sir: I, the undersigned, filing herewith this petition, am a native-born American citizen, and I will send the republican and protestant and socialist later on get them first lined. Nock Roosevelt's fling out the last don't say to file in 1911 but speaks of (Signed) ROBERT G. ROSS.

AIKEN, AUGUSTA, FLORIDA.

via Southern Railway, L. V. N. Y. 12:38 P. M. Daily. Superior service. N. Y. Office, 261 Fifth Ave., cor. 24th St. Telephone 2214 Madison Sq.—Adv.

TAFT ATTACKS
JUDICIAL RECALL

President Shows Deep Feeling in
Speech Before Bar Associa-
tion and Is Cheered
to Echo.